$\psi_2$ (3823)

$$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(2^{--})$$
  
I, J, P need confirmation.

was  $\psi(3823)$ , X(3823)

Seen by BHARDWAJ 13 in  $B o \ \chi_{c1} \, \gamma \, K$  and ABLIKIM 15S in  $e^+e^- 
ightarrow \ \pi^+\pi^-\gamma\chi_{c1}$  decays as a narrow peak in the invariant mass distribution of the  $\chi_{c1}\gamma$  system. Properties consistent with the  $\psi_2(1^3D_2)$   $c\overline{c}$  state.

### $\psi_2$ (3823) MASS

VALUE (MeV) EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3823.7 $\pm$ 0.5 OUR AVERAGE			
$3824.08 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.14$ 137			$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- K^+$
$3821.7 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.7  19 \pm 5$	<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM 159	BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c1}\gamma$
$3823.1 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.7  33 \pm 10$	<sup>3</sup> BHARDWAJ 13	BELL	$B^{\pm} \rightarrow \chi_{c1} \gamma K^{\pm}$

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Using the measured  $m_{\psi_{2}(3823)} - m_{\psi(2S)} = 137.98 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.14$  MeV.

# $m_{\psi_2(3823)} - m_{\psi(25)}$

VALUE (MeV) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT <u>EVTS</u>

• • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 20s LHCB  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- K^+$  $137.98 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.14$ <sup>1</sup> AAIJ 20s also reports  $m_{\chi_{c1}(3872)} - m_{\psi_2(3823)} = 47.50 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.13$  MeV.

# $\psi_{2}(3823)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
< 5.2	90	AAIJ	<b>20</b> S	LHCB	$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- K^+$
and Manda mak was the fallowing data for average fits limited at a con-					

We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.

<16 90 
$$^2$$
 ABLIKIM 15S BES3  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c1}\gamma_{c24}$  90  $^3$  BHARDWAJ 13 BELL  $B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c1}\gamma_{c1}\gamma_{c2}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of  $e^+e^- 
ightarrow ~\pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c1}\gamma$  data (the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass) taken at  $\sqrt{s}$  values of 4.23, 4.26, 4.36, 4.42, and 4.60 GeV to simulated events including both  $\psi(2S) \to \chi_{c1} \gamma$  and  $\psi_2(3823) \to \chi_{c1} \gamma$  together, with floating mass scale offset for  $\psi(2S)$ , floating  $\psi_2(3823)$  mass, and zero  $\psi_2(3823)$  width, resulting in a significance of 5.9 $\sigma$  when including systematic uncertainties.

3 From a simultaneous fit to  $B^\pm \to (\chi_{c1} \gamma) K^\pm$  and  $B^0 \to (\chi_{c1} \gamma) K^0_S$  with significance 4.0 $\sigma$  including systematics. Corrected for the measured  $\psi(2S)$  mass using  $B \to \psi(2S) K_S \to (\chi_{c1} \gamma) K_S \to (\chi_{c2} \gamma) K_$ 

 $<sup>\</sup>psi(2S)K \rightarrow (\gamma \chi_{c1})K$  decays.

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  AAIJ 20S also provides a limit of < 6.6 MeV with 95% CL.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From a fit of  $e^+e^- \to \pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c1}\gamma$  data (the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass) taken at  $\sqrt{s}$  values of 4.23, 4.26, 4.36, 4.42, and 4.60 GeV to a Breit-Wigner function with the mass fixed from the likelihood fit above, Gaussian resolution smearing, and floating width. <sup>3</sup> From a simultaneous fit to  $B^\pm \to (\chi_{c1}\gamma) K^\pm$  and  $B^0 \to (\chi_{c1}\gamma) K^0_S$  with significance

 $<sup>4.0\</sup>sigma$  including systematics.

### $\psi_2$ (3823) DECAY MODES

Branching fractions are given relative to the one **DEFINED AS 1**.

	Mode	Fraction $(\Gamma_i/\Gamma)$	Confidence level			
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$J/\psi(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	< 0.06	90%			
$\Gamma_2$	$J/\psi(1S)\pi^{0}\pi^{0}$	< 0.11	90%			
$\Gamma_3$	$J/\psi(1S)\pi^0$	< 0.030	90%			
$\Gamma_4$	$J/\psi(1\mathcal{S})\eta$	< 0.14	90%			
$\Gamma_5$	$\chi_{c0}\gamma$	< 0.24	90%			
$\Gamma_6$	$\chi_{c1}\gamma$	DEFINED AS 1				
Γ <sub>7</sub>	$\chi_{c2}\gamma$	$0.28 \begin{array}{l} +0.14 \\ -0.11 \end{array}$				

### $\psi_2$ (3823) BRANCHING RATIOS

 $\Gamma igl( J/\psi(1S) \pi^+ \pi^- igr)/\Gamma_{ ext{total}}$ 

 $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$ 

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

$$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma)$$
 $VALUE$ 
 $CL\%$ 
 $T_1/\Gamma_6$ 
 $T_1/\Gamma_6$ 

$$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma)$$

VALUE

C1%
90

1 ABLIKIM
210

ECN
COMMENT
 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$ 

$$\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma)$$

VALUE

C1.4

90

C1.6

DOCUMENT ID

TECN
COMMENT

COMMENT

1 ABLIKIM
210 BES3  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass distributions of seven decay channels in the process  $e^+e^-\to\pi^+\pi^-X$ .

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 $\Gamma(\chi_{c0}\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$  $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$ DOCUMENT ID TECN\_\_COMMENT • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 210 BES3  $e^+e^- \to \pi^+\pi^- X$ not seen <sup>1</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass distributions of seven decay channels in the process  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$ .  $\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma)/\Gamma_{total}$  $\Gamma_6/\Gamma$ <u>V</u>ALUE **EVTS** <sup>1</sup> BHARDWAJ 33 + 10• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. 210 BES3  $e^+e^- \to \pi^+\pi^- X$ 210 BES3  $e^+e^- \to \pi^0\pi^0 X$ <sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM seen <sup>3</sup> ABLIKIM  $16 \pm 5$ seen <sup>1</sup> BHARDWAJ 13 reports B( $B^{\pm} \to \psi_2(3823) K^{\pm}$ ) × B( $\psi_2(3823) \to \gamma \chi_{c1}$ ) = (9.7 ±  $2.8 \pm 1.1$ )  $\times$   $10^{-6}$  with statistical significance 3.8  $\sigma$ . <sup>2</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass distributions of seven decay channels in the process  $e^+e^- \to \pi^+\pi^- X$ . Signal has a 11.8 <sup>3</sup> From a fit of the invariant  $\pi^0 \pi^0$  recoil-mass distribution. Signal has a 4.3  $\sigma$  significance.  $\Gamma(\chi_{c0}\gamma)/\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma)$ **VALUE** 210 BES3  $e^+e^- \to \pi^+\pi^- X$ <0.24 <sup>1</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass distributions of seven decay channels in the process  $e^+e^-\to\pi^+\pi^-X$ .  $\Gamma(\chi_{c2}\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$ DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. 210 BES3  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- X$ <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM <sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM 15s BES3  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c2}\gamma$ <sup>3</sup> BHARDWAJ 13 BELL  $B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c2}\gamma K^\pm$ not seen not seen <sup>1</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass distributions of seven decay channels in the process  $e^+e^-\to\pi^+\pi^-X$ . Signal has a 3.2  $\sigma$ <sup>2</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of  $e^+e^- 
ightarrow ~\pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c2}\gamma$  data (the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass) taken at  $\sqrt{s}$  values of 4.23, 4.26, 4.36, 4.42, and 4.60 GeV to simulated events including both  $\psi(2S) \to \chi_{c2} \gamma$  and  $\psi_2(3823) \to \chi_{c2} \gamma$  together, with floating mass scale offset for  $\psi(2S)$ ,  $\psi_2(3823)$  mass floating (fixed to that above), and zero  $\psi_2(3823)$  width. <sup>3</sup>BHARDWAJ 13 reports B( $B^{\pm} \rightarrow \psi_2(3823)K^{\pm}$ )  $\times$  B( $\psi_2(3823) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{c2}$ )  $< 3.6 \times$  $10^{-6}$  at 90% CL.  $\Gamma(\chi_{c2}\gamma)/\Gamma(\chi_{c1}\gamma)$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_6$ DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT 210 BES3  $e^+e^-_{\pi^+\pi^-} \chi_{c2} \gamma$ <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •

< 0.42	90	<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM	<b>15</b> S	BES3	$e^+e^ \rightarrow$
< 0.41	90	BHARDWAJ	13	BELL	$B^{\pm}  ightarrow$
					$\chi_{c1/c2} \gamma K^{\pm}$

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass distributions of seven decay channels in the process  $e^+e^-\to\pi^+\pi^-X$ .  $^2$  From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of  $e^+e^-\to\pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c1(2)}\gamma$ 

### $\psi_2$ (3823) REFERENCES

ABLIKIM	210	PR D103 L091102	M. Ablikim et al.	(BESIII Collab.)
AAIJ	20S	JHEP 2008 123	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
ABLIKIM	15S	PRL 115 011803	M. Ablikim et al.	(BESIII Collab.)
BHARDWAJ	13	PRL 111 032001	V. Bhardwaj <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From a simultaneous unbinned maximum likelihood fit of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\chi_{c1(2)}\gamma$  data (the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  recoil mass) taken at  $\sqrt{s}$  values of 4.23, 4.26, 4.36, 4.42, and 4.60 GeV to simulated events including both  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \chi_{c1(2)}\gamma$  and  $\psi_2(3823) \rightarrow \chi_{c1(2)}\gamma$  together, with floating mass scale offset for  $\psi(2S)$ ,  $\psi_2(3823)$  mass floating (fixed to that above), and zero  $\psi_2(3823)$  width.